

CERP | Center for Economic Research in Pakistan



Contents

About CERP	1
General Body	2
Board of Directors	2
Finance and Audit Committee	3
Procurement Committee	3
Auditors	4
Financial Consultants	4
Director's Note	5
Financial Statement	8



About CERP

The Center for Economic Research in Pakistan (CERP) is a non-profit research center in Pakistan that promotes the use of rigorous quantitative methods and active engagement with policy counterparts to answer outstanding questions in public policy. Initiated in 2008 by economists at the Harvard Kennedy School, University of Chicago, Pomona College and Lahore University of Management Sciences, CERP is continually expanding in both size and scope. The organization currently enjoys an inspirational roster of over 30 economists and social scientists working on numerous research projects in collaboration with the government of Pakistan and several international organizations

Our Mission

To inform policy and practice by filling socio-economic research gaps in Pakistan and promote evidence-based decision making by actors working towards the social and economic development of the country.

Our Vision

To foster the development of the academic community inside Pakistan and abroad in conducting both theoretical and empirical research in the country, and bring together academic findings, policy advice, and focused debate.

General Body-CERP

Dr. Asim Ijaz Khwaja

Chairman of the Board, CERP

Profesor of Public Policy, Harvard Kennedy School, Harvard University

Dr. Tahir Andrabi

CEO, CERP

Professor of Economics, Pomona College

Dr. Ali Cheema

Senior Research Fellow, Institute of Development and Economic Alternatives (IDEAS) Associate Professor of Economics, LUMS

Dr. Atif Mian

Professor of Economics, Princeton University

Dr. Adnan Qadir Khan

Research Director, International Growth Center, London School of Economics

Board of Directors

Dr. Asim Ijaz Khwaja

Chairman of the Board, CERP

Profesor of Public Policy, Harvard Kennedy School, Harvard University

Dr. Tahir Andrabi

CEO, CERP

Professor of Economics, Pomona College

Dr. Ali Cheema

Senior Research Fellow, Institute of Development and Economic Alternatives (IDEAS) Associate Professor of Economics, LUMS

Dr. Atif Mian

Professor of Economics, Princeton University

Finance and Audit Committee

Dr. Ali Cheema	Chair/ Member of Board of Directors
Dr. Atif Mian	Member of Borad of Directors
Dr. Asjad Naqvi	Research and Training Director
Mr. Naeem Sheikh	Financial Consultant
Ms. Aisha Umbreen	Finance Manager

Procurement Committee

Dr. Ali Cheema	Chair/ Member of Board of Directors
Dr. Atif Mian	Member of Borad of Directors
Dr. Asjad Naqvi	Research and Training Director
Mr. Sajid Maroof Khan	Independent Member

Company Secretary

Ms. Aisha Umbreen

Auditors

KPMG Taseer Hadi &Co.

Chartered Accountants-A partnership firm registered in Pakistan and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity

Contact 53 L Gulberg III Lahore Pakistan +92 (42) 35850477 ww.kpmg.com.pk

Financial Consultants

UHY Hassan Naeem & Co.

Chartered Accountants-A member of UHY, an international association of independent accounting and consulting firms

Contact 193-A, Shah Jamal Lahore Pakistan +92 (42) 7599938

Legal Advisors

Hassan & Rahim

Advocates and Legal COnsultants

Contact 76/7-A, Arif Jan Road Lahore Pakistan +92 (42) 36665591-92 www.hassanandrahim.com

Director's Note

2011-12 was an exciting year for CERP on several fronts; the center was physically established in Lahore, existing projects were centralized, and new initiatives were taken to expand the research portfolio of the organization. Today CERP is a fully operational organization with a team of over 25 highly motivated in-house researchers and staff. CERP is a one-of-a-kind research center in Pakistan focusing on rigorous impact evaluation methods with specific focus on randomized control trials (RCTs) to understand and improve micro level development issues. Current projects cover a wide array of thematic areas including primary education, taxation, finance, household welfare, and governance.

Each project is led by a team of Principal Investigators (PIs) selected from the pool of CERP Fellows which comprise of academics and researchers based in internationally reputed universities and research centers. The current roster of CERP PIs includes academics from Harvard University, MIT, Princeton University, Ponoma College, London School of Economics, the International Growth Center, Lahore University of Management Sciences and the World Bank while project support is given by donors including DFID, World Bank, 3ie, National Science Foundation (NSF), International Growth Center (IGC), and IPA. CERP's impressive research portfolio has resulted in it being recognized by leading impact evaluation organizations including the Jameel Poverty Action Lab (J-PAL, MIT), the Innovations for Poverty Action (IPA, Yale), and the Evidence for Policy Design (EPoD, Harvard) as their sister organization in the region.

Over the last year, CERP has initiated two large scale projects in partnership with the Government of Punjab. The first project, Punjab Economic Opportunities Program (PEOP) is working in partnership with the Punjab Skills Development Fund (PSDF), the Livestock and Dairy Development Department (L&DDD) and the Department for International Development (DFID) in four districts of South Punjab comprising of two components; Skills Development which focuses matching demand for vocational training by low income populations with service providers and the Livestock Component, which aims at improving access to various markets of livestock owners. PEOP is currently in the process of conducting its baseline survey which is spread across 860 primary sampling units in the four sample districts. From the demand side, 11,000 households have been surveyed while on the supply side 7000 small to large scale vocational training service providers and 3500 livestock service providers are in the middle of being surveyed. The findings from the baseline activity have been used to provide input into PEOP policy design.

The second project, Policy Reform in Property Tax Collection in Punjab is a joint collaboration between the Punjab Excise and Taxation Department and CERP. The aim of the project is to increase property tax collection by providing pay-for-performance packages to tax circle staff and their supervisors. The project is currently in its third and final year of the pilot phase, having expanded to 214 tax circles in Punjab (out of a total of 498) from only 11 in its first year. The project is an RCT designed to measure the effect of three separate treatments which, at the end of the pilot phase, can be compared and the most effective one implemented across Punjab. The Project Team has also been able to build a centralized human resource data-base of property tax staff, digital records of property tax collection at the circle level going back till 2005 and geographic maps of tax circle boundaries of all tax circles across Punjab.

During the last year several new initiatives have started as well. The Education Financing Project is aimed at evaluating the impact of providing financing options to low cost private schools on school revenues, profitability and learning outcomes. The Mobile Money Project, focuses at improving mobile banking revenue by testing new products. The State Authority Project aims to understand channels of access to various public services with specific focus on access to justice. In addition to this, several new projects are in the pipeline which will cover issues on police and crime, public health and natural disasters.

In the fall of 2011, CERP also launched its training programs and policy dialogues under the banner of the CLEAR Initiative, a multi-donor funded program housed at the Independent Evaluation Group (IEG), World Bank. The core mission of the CLEAR program is to improve Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) capacity of public sector organizations through training programs and advisory support. CERP successfully completed the CLEAR deliverables which included four training programs on Monitoring and Evaluation and Performance Budgeting, policy roundtables, and creating several knowledge products including marketing and outreach strategy guide, an interactive courses guide, and a new case study customized for local participants. To date the CLEAR courses trained over 150 participants from over 45 different organizations leading to significant increase in knowledge in the M&E capacity of local government and non-government organizations and resulting in new project partnerships. CERP aims to expand the program in the next year with more focus on bringing the trainings to other cities, meeting the high demand for customized courses, policy roundtables with key stakeholders, and writing policy briefs.

During the last year, CERP also established a communications department to ensure up-to-date and timely posting of activities through various channels. Using various social media, email and print media, CERP's outreach has increased tremendously through targeted marketing. Average outreach is estimated at 1500 page views per week by over 3000 unique users across the globe. CERP aims to improve this further by revamping the website design, improving cross platform information sharing, writing policy briefs for the local audience and generating interactive infographics on Pakistan.

Even though the organization is still in its infancy, it has matured tremendously through a steep learning curve that comes with the challenges with working in Pakistan. This would not have been possible without the support from organizations like the Lahore University of Management Sciences, Lahore School of Economics, International Growth Center, Institute of Development and Economic Alternatives (IDEAS), Forman Christian College among others. We would specially like to thank UHY-Hassan Naeem & Co. who went out of their way to provide us with guidance on financial and legal matters.

We are looking forward to an even more exciting 2012-13.

Synd at Organ Naguri Dr. Syed Ali Asjad Nagvi

Research Director

Center for Economic Research in Pakistan

Financial Statement



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants 53 L Gulberg III Lahore Pakistan Telephone + 92 (42) 3585 0471-76 Fax + 92 (42) 3585 0477 Internet www.kpmg.com.pk

Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Centre for Economic Research in Pakistan - A company setup under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 ("the Company") as at 30 June 2012 and the related income and expenditure account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of accumulated fund together with the notes forming part thereof for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion:
 - i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account;
 - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, income and expenditure account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in accumulated fund together with the notes forming part thereof conform with





approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2012 and of the surplus, its comprehensive surplus, its cash flows and changes in accumulated fund for the year then ended; and

d) in our opinion no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The comparative figures for the year ended 30 June 2011 in the financial statements have been audited by UHY Hassan Naeem & Co whose report dated 20 September 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the comparative figures for the year ended 30 June 2011.

Lahore

Date: 03 November 2012

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants (Kamran Iqbal Yousafi)

(A company setup under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984) Balance Sheet

As at 30 June 2012

2011 Rupees	1 1			254 37,440,186	37,440,440	37,440,440
2012 Rupees	1,637,873	1,852,373		429,477	68,052,548	69,904,921
Note	11			12	1	1 11
ASSETS	Non-current assets Property and equipment		Current assets	and other receivables Cash and bank balances		
2011 Rupees	(223,532)	36,988,580	382 433	292,960	675,392	37,440,440
2012 Rupees	6,933,036	61,468,010	762 639	851,348	1,503,875	69,904,921
Note		9	1	× 0	10	
FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Accumulated fund General fund	Non-current liabilities Deferred grant	Current liabilities	Short term loans Taxation - net	Contingencies and commitments	

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

and the

Jahn RS Androh. Chief Executive Officer

Bircon

(A company setup under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984)

Income and Expenditure Account

For the year ended 30 June 2012

1 of the year ended 50 June 2012		2012	2011
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
INCOME			
Grants-restricted	6	72,573,902	1,279,196
Donations		4,983,539	166.500
Other income	15	6,363,706	
Amortization of capital grant		122,972	
		84,044,119	1,445,696
EXPENDITURE			
Salaries and benefits		12,556,644	735,000
Baseline surveys			
-Geographic survey- Phase-I		2,633,701	658,425
-Geographic survey- Phase-II		1,659,416	
-Coding and data entry		2,239,000	
-Employer survey		4,795,000	4
-Household survey		34,539,690	-
-Livestock survey		1,191,763	
-Monitoring survey		998,280	
Course development fee		1,369,914	-
Travelling and conveyance		5,340,792	57,786
Hall charges		4,415,000	-
Legal and professional fee		862,450	-
Computer and internet expenses		621,641	6,149
Meal and entertainment		171,051	-
Printing and stationery		443,299	5,085
Rent		935,000	
Repair and maintenance expenses		130,698	
Communication charges		132,232	-
Advertisement expenses		72,400	77,900
Auditors' remuneration		125,000	100,000
Utilities		55,524	
Depreciation		176,964	(=)
Agent commission		87,500	-
Bank charges		24,699	2,532
Miscellaneous expenses		164,259	2,500
		75,741,917	1,645.377
Surplus / (deficit) before taxation		8,302,202	(199,681)
Taxation		1,145,634	
Surplus / (deficit) after taxation		7,156,568	(199,681)

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

worms sus

Lahore

Chief Executive Officer

Wheelor .

(A company setup under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984)

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2012

	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
Surplus / (deficit) after tax	7,156,568	(199,681)
Other comprehensive income		
Total comprehensive surplus / (deficit)	7,156,568	(199,681)

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Morross WI

Lahore

Jahn L Andrah

Wirdor

(A company setup under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984)

Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2012

	2012	2011
	Rupees	Rupees
RECEIPTS		
Donated funds received	102,159,842	38,434,276
Other receipts	6,363,706	
	108,523,548	38,434,276
PAYMENTS		
Payment to employees and suppliers	(76,232,867)	(1,287,050)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	32,290,681	37,147,226
Cash flow from investing activities		
Capital expenditure incurred	(1,814,836)	
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(1,814,836)	-
Cash flow from financing activities		
Short term loans	(292,960)	292,960
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from financing activities	(292,960)	292,960
Net increase in cash and cash		
equivalents during the year	30,182,885	37,440,186
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	37,440,186	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	67,623,071	37,440,186

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MOME BU

Lahore

Chief Executive Officer

Jahr IS Audrahi

Winetron .

(A company setup under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984)

Statement of Accumulated Fund

For the year ended 30 June 2012

	General fund	Total funds
	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at 01 July 2010	(23,851)	(23,851)
Net deficit for the year	(199,681)	(199,681)
Balance as at 30 June 2011	(223,532)	(223,532)
Net surplus for the year	7,156,568	7,156,568
Balance as at 30 June 2012	6,933,036	6,933,036

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

HAMMS PM

Lahore

Chief Executive Officer

Jahri RS Andrahi

(A company setup under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984)

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2012

1 Legal status and nature of business

Center for Economic Research In Pakistan (here-in-after referred to as "the Company") is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in Pakistan on January 14, 2010 as an Association not for Profit under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Company is established to encourage socio-economic research in Pakistan by facilitating the conduct of both theoretical and empirical research in the country and bringing together findings, policy advice and focused debate. The Company's registered office is situated at 193 A, Shahjamal, Lahore, Pakistan.

2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards for the Small Size Enterprises (SSEs), Guideline for Accounting and Financial Reporting by Non-Government Organizations (NGOs)/ Non- Profit Organizations (NPOs), as issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and provisions and directives issued under Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or the requirements of the said directives take precedence.

3 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

4 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- a) Useful life and residual values of property and equipment note 5.1
- b) Taxation note 5.5
- c) Provisions note 5.7

5 Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements have been consistently applied to all the years presented and are given as follows:

5.1 Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and identified impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is charged on straight line method at the rate given in Note 11 to write off the cost of assets over their expected useful lives. Depreciation is charged on an asset from the month when the assets are available for use till the month of its disposal i.e. full depreciation is charged in the month of addition, while no depreciation in the month of disposal.

Home 94

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income and expenditure account as and when incurred. The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset is recognized as income or expense.

5.2 Revenue recognition

Grants related to income

Grants related to income are recognized on a systematic basis as income over the periods necessary to match them with related expenses incurred in accordance with terms of the respective grant agreements. Further, the grants related to losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Company with no future related costs are recognized as income in the period in which it becomes recievable.

Grants related to assets

Grants related to long term assets, including non-monetary grants at fair value, are presented by setting up "deferred grant related to assets". Subsequently, these deferred grants are amortized into income and expenditure account over the useful lives of associated assets.

Bank profit

Profit on bank deposits is recognized on accrual basis.

Services

Services are recognized as revenue when rendered at fair value of consideration to be received.

5.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and bank balances.

5.4 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and/or services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

5.5 Taxation

Provision of current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the surplus for the year if enacted after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

The Company's income from donations, contributions and profits from investment in securities of the Federal Government, are exempted from Income Tax under Clause 60, part 1 of the second schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

5.6 Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are converted into Pakistani Rupees using the rates prevailing on the date of transaction while monetary assets and liabilities are converted into Pak Rupees using the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences are included in income and expenditure account.

5.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.



6	Defe	rred gr	ant-restricted				Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
			nts- income based nts- asset based				6.1 6.2	60,824,978 643,032 61,468,010	36,988,580 - 36,988,580
	6.1	Defer	red grants- incom	e based				01,400,010	30,700,300
		Dono	r name	Project name	Balance as at 01 July 2011	Amount received during the year	Amount utilized	Amount capitalized	Balance as at 30 June 2012
							Rupees		
		Intern	rtment for ational opment	The Punjab Economic Opportunities Program (PEOP)	36,988,580	54,663,941	(56,414,875)	(540,103)	34,697,543
		Innov	ations for Poverty	Property Tax Experiment in Punjab, Pakistan		27,971,825	(3,726,783)		24,245,042
			el Poverty Lab Asia.	Center for Learning on Evaluation and Results (CLEAR)	±	13,253,277	(11,406,876)	(225,900)	1,620,501
		Entre Lab	preneurial Finance	Psychometric Analysis of Entrepreneurs.		171,940	(15,562)		156,378
			r for International opment,	Education Financing Project.	36,988,580	1,115,320 97,176,303	(1,009,806)	(766,003)	105,514 60,824,978
	6.2	Defer	red grants- asset b	pased		Balance as at 01 July 2011	Additions during the period	Amortization for the period	Balance as at 30 June 2012
(8)							Rup	ees	
			e equipments outers and printers				117,600 648,403 766,003	(3,310) (119,661) (122,971)	114,290 528,742 643,032
7	Trad	e and o	ther payables				Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	Incon	ned expone tax d	educted at source					150,500 485,246 16,781 652,527	235,126 52,306 95,000 382,432
8	Shor	term l	oan						
	Short	term lo	an from director				8.1		292,960
		8.1	Balance as on 01 Amount received Repayment made	during the year				292,960 (292,960)	292,960
			Balance as on 30				8.2		292,960

9 Taxation

8.2

As per clause 58 (1) of part I of second schedule of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 read with rule 220A of Income Tax Rules, 2002. Income of Non-Profit-Organizations is exempt from tax after being approved for the same from Commissioner Inland Revenue. The Company has not applied for grant of tax exemption under the aforesaid regulations. Therefore, provision for current tax has been calculated according to the prevailing law for taxation of income.

10 Contingencies and commitments

There were no significant contingencies and commitments at the balance sheet date (2011: Nil).

This represents interest free loan received from director.

Kome qui

		O.CC.	Furniture	
	Computers and printers	Office equipments	and fixtures	Total
Acquired from own sources		Ruj	oces	
Cont				
	60.830	194.715	793.288	1,048,833
Balance at 30 June 2012	60,830	194,715	793,288	1,048,833
Rate of depreciation	30%	10%	10%	
Depreciation				
	-	-		
	8,285	8,282	37,425	53,992
Balance at 30 June 2012	8,285	8,282	37,425	53,992
Carrying amounts				
At 30 June 2011				
At 30 June 2012	52,545	186,433	755,863	994,841
Acquired from capital grants / donated assets				
Cost				
			_	-
Additions	648,403	117,600		766,003
Balance at 30 June 2012	648,403	117,600		766,003
Rate of depreciation	30%	10%	10%	
Depreciation				
Balance at 1 July 2011		-	-	
Depreciation for the year	119,661	3,310	-	122,971
Balance at 30 June 2012	119,661	3,310		122,971
Carrying amounts				
At 30 June 2011		-	-	
At 30 June 2012	528,742	114,290		643,032
Total assets at 30 June 2011	-	-		
Total assets at 30 June 2012	581,287	300,723	755,863	1,637,873
			* 2012	2011
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
Advances, prepayments and other receivables				
Advance to employees-considered good:				
			110,298	
-against salary			36,666	
Prepaid expenses			187,760	
Receivable from donor - unsecured considered good			40,300	-
Other receivables - unsecured considered good			54,453	-
			429,477	
	Cost Balance at 1 July 2011 Additions Balance at 30 June 2012 Rate of depreciation Depreciation Balance at 1 July 2011 Depreciation for the year Balance at 30 June 2012 Carrying amounts At 30 June 2011 At 30 June 2012 Acquired from capital grants / donated assets Cost Balance at 1 July 2011 Additions Balance at 30 June 2012 Rate of depreciation Depreciation Balance at 1 July 2011 Depreciation for the year Balance at 30 June 2012 Carrying amounts At 30 June 2011 At 30 June 2011 At 30 June 2011 Total assets at 30 June 2011 Total assets at 30 June 2012 Advances, prepayments and other receivables Advance to employees-considered good: -against expenses -against salary Prepaid expenses Receivable from donor - unsecured considered good	Acquired from own sources	Acquired from own sources	Acquired from own sources

39,506

37,400,680

37,400,680

37,440,186

1,524

22,443,862

45,177,685

67,621,547

67,623,071

13.1

13.1 These carry markup at the rate of 5% to 8% per annum (2011:Nil).

Wome an

12

13

11

Cash in hand Cash at bank Current account

Saving accounts

		-			7107					2011	
			Donate	Donated funds					Donated funds		
	The Punjab Economic Opportunities Program (PEOP)	Center for Learning on Evaluation and Results (CLEAR)	Psychometric Analysis of Entrepreneurs (EFL)	Education Financing Project (EFP)	Property Tax Experiment in Punjab, Pakistan (PTE)	Total	General funds	Consolidated	The Punjab Economic Opportunities Program (PEOP)	General	Consolidated
						-Rupees					
Grants	56,414,875	11,406,876	15,562	1,009,806	3,726,783	72,573,902	4,983,539	77,557,441	1,279,196	,	1.279.196
Other incomes	1,100,000	275,237	10,416	67,741	369,312	1,822,706	4,541,000	6,363,706	,	166,500	166,500
Supplied to the supplied to th	57,613,984	11,705,976	25,978	1,077,547	4,096,095	74,519,580	9,524,539	84,044,119	1,279,196	166,500	1,445,696
Expenditure											
Salaries and benefits	5,556,112	5,306,666			1,443,667	12,306,445	250,199	12,556,644	480,000	255,000	735.000
Baseline surveys											
- Geographic survey- Phase-I	2,633,701	í,		i		2,633,701		2,633,701	658,425	,	658,425
 Geographic survey- Phase-II 	1,659,416					1,659,416		1,659,416			
 Coding and data entry 	700,000				1,539,000	2,239,000		2,239,000		1	1
- Employer survey	4,795,000	7		•		4,795,000	1	4,795,000		,	
 Household survey 	34,539,690					34,539,690	1	34,539,690	ı	1	
 Livestock survey 	1,191,763	1	i		1	1,191,763		1,191,763			•
- Monitoring survey	998,280			-	1.	998,280	1	998,280			ì
Course development fee		1,369,914				1,369,914		1,369,914	k		
Travelling and conveyance	3,346,908	616,997	9,710	320,889	732,717	5,330,221	10,571	5,340,792	57,786		57,786
Hall charges		3,737,857		677,143		4,415,000		4,415,000			
Legal and professional fee	178,150				1	178,150	684,300	862,450	,	,	
Computer and internet expenses	179,540	1,250	i		2,800	186,590	435,051	621,641		6,149	6,149
Meal and entertainment	43,480	3.216	1	3,132		49,828	121,223	171,051	1		,
Printing and stationery	349,188	36,392	117	2,350	1	388,047	55,252	443,299	5,085		5,085
Rent	,	d		,			935,000	935,000	,		,
Repair and maintenance expenses	1				,		130,698	130,698			
Communication charges	16,900	21,512	4,875	5,400	150	108,837	23,395	132,232		1	,
Advertisement expenses	72,400			1		72,400		72,400	17,900		77,900
Auditor's remuneration			1				125,000	125,000	i	100,000	100,000
Utilities		i	1		-		55,524	55,524			
Depreciation	601,66	23,863	•	1	,	122,972	53,992	176,964	1	1	
Agent commission				1		,	87,500	87,500	-1	,	,
Bank charges	11,599	4,142	098	892	5,449	22,942	1,757	24,699	,	2,532	2,532
Miscellaneous expenses	82,748	5,930	1		,	88,678	75,581	164,259		2,500	2.500
	(56,513,984)	(11,430,739)	(15,562)	(1,009,806)	(3,726,783)	(72,696,874)	(3,045,043)	(75,741,917)	1,279,196	366,181	1.645,377
Net surplus / (deficit) before taxation	1,100,000	275,237	10,416	67,741	369,312	1,822,706	6,479,496	8,302,202		(199,681)	(199,681)
Taxation	(385,000)	(96,333)	(3,646)	(23,709)	(129,259)	(637,947)	(757,347)	(1,145,634)			
Net surplus / (deficit) after taxation	715,000	178,904	6,770	44,032	240,053	1,184,759	5,722,149	7,156,568		(189,681)	(189,681)

2012

2011

Rupees

Rupces

15 Other income

General

Profit on saving accounts

1,823,706

Course receipts

- Monitoring and evaluation
- Executive education
- Performance budgeting

Less: Discounts

	2,210,000	-
	3,085,000	-
	2,080,000	
	(2,835,000)	
	4,540,000	+_
	6,363,706	4
_		

16 Date of authorization

The financial statements were authorized for issue in the Board of Directors meeting held on

17 General

- 17.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.
- 17.2 Corresponding figures have been re-arranged, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, no major reclassifications/rearrangements/restatements has been made in these financial statements.

Homes sel

Lahore

Chief Executive Officer

CERP | Center for Economic Research in Pakistan



Connect with CERP

W: cerp.org.pk

E: contact@cerp.org.pk P: +92-(0)423-586-8304

F: CERPakistan T: @CERPakistan

Center for Economic Research in Pakistan 60-H, Gulberg III, Lahore 54660, Pakistan

