

Catalyzing Rigorous Policy Research

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About CERP

The Center for Economic Research in Pakistan (CERP) is a non-profit research center with the strategic objective of informing policy and practice by filling socio-economic research gaps in Pakistan using rigorous economic research tools. CERP also facilitates an environment where the international academic community both within and outside Pakistan can work with program implementers to answer research questions that matter, bringing together academic findings, policy advice, and focused debate.

Initiated in 2008 by economists at the Harvard Kennedy School, University of Chicago, Pomona College and Lahore University of Management Sciences, CERP is continually expanding in both size and scope. The organization currently enjoys an inspirational roster of over 30 economists and social scientists working on numerous research projects in collaboration with the government of Pakistan and several international organizations. Partnerships with various government departments have included those with Punjab Livestock Development Department, Punjab Excise & Taxation Department and Punjab Resource Management Program. CERP continues to partner with international organizations like Evidence for Policy Design at Harvard University, Abdul Latif Jameel Poverty Action Lab, Entrepreneurial Finance Lab, the UK Department for International Development, and the World Bank on a variety of projects.

Current research projects cover topics in primary education, taxation, finance, social policy, household welfare, governance, and health education. Each project is led by Principal Investigators (PIs) selected from the pool of CERP fellows comprising of academics and researchers based in internationally reputed universities. The current roster of CERP PIs includes academics from Harvard University, MIT, Princeton University, Pomona College, London School of Economics, the International Growth Center, Lahore University of Management Sciences and the World Bank while project support is given by donors including DFID, World Bank, 3ie, National Science Foundation (NSF), Interna- tional Growth Center (IGC), and IPA.

CERP is set up as a non-profit under Section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and has its main office in Lahore, Pakistan.

CERP's Implementing Partners

- * Adult Basic Education Society
- * Agriculture Department, Government of Punjab
- * Aman Foundation
- * Communication and Works Department, Government of Punjab
- * Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Punjab
- * Finance Department, Government of Punjab
- * Health Department, Government of Punjab
- * Higher Education Department, Government of Punjab
- * Livestock and Dairy Development Department (LDDD), Government of Punjab
- * Local Government Department, Government of Punjab
- * National Commission for Human Development (NCHD),
- * Punjab Information Technology Board (PITB)
- * Punjab Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA)
- * Punjab Resource Management Programme (PRMP)
- * Punjab Skills Development Fund (PSDF)
- * Regional Centers for Learning on Evaluation and Results (CLEAR)
- * School Education Department, Government of Punjab
- * TeleTaleem
- * Oxford University Press
- * Tameer Micro Finance Bank

CERP's Donors

- * Aman Foundation
- * Asian Development Bank
- * International Growth Centre
- * International Initiative for Impact Evaluation
- * Department for International Development, UK
- * John Templeton Foundation
- * JPAL Urban Services Unit
- * National Science Foundation
- * Poverty Action Lab (J-PAL)
- * The John Templeton Foundation
- * The World Bank
- * Exxon Mobil, Pomona College



CERP's Network Affiliates

- * Technology for People Initiative
- * Lahore University of Management Sciences
- * Interactive Research and Development
- * Centre for Research in Economics and Business
- * Institute for Development and Economic Alternatives

INTERNATIONAL

- * Evidence for Policy Design (Harvard)
- * Innovations for Poverty Action
- * International Growth Centre
- * Poverty Action Lab (J-PAL)

General Body

Dr Asim Ijaz Khwaja Chairman of the Board, CERP Professor of Public Policy, Harvard University PhD Economics, Harvard University

Dr Tahir Andrabi CEO, CERP Professor of Economics, Pomona College PhD Economics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Dr. Ali Cheema Associate Professor Economics, Lahore University of Management Sciences PhD Economics, University of Cambridge

Dr. Atif Mian Professor of Economics, Princeton University PhD Economics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Dr. Adnan Qadir Khan Research Director, International Growth Centre London School of Economics (LSE) PhD Economics, Queens University

Board of Directors

Dr Asim Ijaz Khwaja Chairman of the Board, CERP Professor of Public Policy, Harvard University PhD Economics, Harvard University

Dr Tahir Andrabi CEO, CERP Professor of Economics, Pomona College PhD Economics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Dr. Ali Cheema Associate Professor Economics, Lahore University of Management Sciences PhD Economics, University of Cambridge

Dr. Atif Mian Professor of Economics, Princeton University PhD Economics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Dr. Adnan Qadir Khan Research Director, International Growth Centre London School of Economics (LSE) PhD Economics, Queens University

Company Secretary

Wasif Ali Mallick

Auditor

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants: A Partnership firm registered in Pakistan and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative (KPMG International), a Swiss entity Contact:

53 L, Gulberg IIII Lahore Pakistan. +92 (42) 35850477. www.kpmg.com.pk

Financial Consultants

UHY Hassan Naeem & Co. Chartered Accountants: A member of UHY, an international association of independent accounting and consulting firms. Contact: 193-A, Shah Jamal Lahore Pakistan. +92 (42) 7599938. <u>http://www.uhy-hnco.com/hnco/</u>

Legal Advisors

Hassan and Rahim. Advocates and Legal Consultants Contact: 76/7-A, Arif Jan Road Lahore Pakistan. +92 (42) 36665591. www.hassanandrahim.com

Director's Note



The last year has seen CERP emerge as a larger, more active and more diverse partner in the research and policy world in Pakistan. Long-standing research projects have progressed apace; new research projects have been launched; a wider network of policy partners have been engaged through training initiatives, and CERP has embraced new channels of policy outreach through its recent collaboration with DFID to build a culture of evidence among Pakistani policy-makers.

Research

In relation to its core work in research, CERP has consolidated the groundwork made through its long term engagements. For example, the Property Tax Project has expanded digital mapping to over 500 tax circles in Punjab in order to identify unassessed areas and performance levels of property tax collectors across the province. The team additionally finished monitoring a range of monetary incentives for tax collectors in order to achieve the project's ultimate goal of increasing revenue collection and public sector efficiency in the Punjab. Elsewhere, the Punjab Economic Opportunities Project (PEOP) conducted an RCTbased impact evaluation of Skills for Market (SFM) 2014-15 which is a landmark scheme for rural women in South Punjab by Punjab Skills Development Fund. SFM 2014-15 was combined with a Market Linkage program in the same villages to provide market access to women through sales agents. For the Procurement Efficiency Project groundwork for rolling out the interventions was completed, POPS's was rolled out and departments trained. Punjab Financial Rule 2.8 amended to enable cost centers to receive imprest. This work ultimately aims to align the incentives of the procurement agent with the Government in order to achieve better value for money for the Punjab taxpayer.

Further, CERP's Women's Mobility project was initiated to test the overall impact of women's-only transport on women's mobility, labor force participation, and firm-level outcomes in Lahore. The project is implementing a Randomized Control Trial (RCT) in the Lahore Metropolitan Area which seeks to quantify the impact of social norms on women's participation in the public sphere, including in the labor force, and test whether a simple intervention can expand women's opportunities outside the home and employers' access to female workers. Also, The Education Financing and Support Services Project started research on increasing the quality and sustainability of private schools in Pakistan. This project is led by principal investigators Asim Khwaja (Harvard Kennedy School), Tahir Andrabi (Pomona College) and Jishnu Das (World Bank). From the results of this intervention, CERP plans to gauge the impact of grants, loans and equities on school revenues thus enabling them to make an evidence based decision for developing viable financial products for the private school market.

Training and Policy Outreach

CERP's policy outreach and capacity building work has also expanded over the 2014-15 period, with the delivery of successive Project Management Tools training courses in this year. As CERP was selected by the Department for International Development (DFID) UK in 2012 to carry out a comprehensive capacity building program to increase the use of rigorous data and research evidence by Pakistani policy-makers, work in this direction has also been effectively executed. The program, Building Capacity to Use Research Evidence (BCURE), aims to build a 'culture of evidence' where using real data to inform policy decisions becomes the norm among a broad set of policy actors in Pakistan.

Operations

As CERP's activities have expanded in breadth and depth over the past year, it is evident that it has developed into a more mature organization operationally. Its website (http://cerp.org.pk/) went live in early 2013, receiving over 4000 views per week within a matter of months and allowing CERP to engage more interactively with its partners and wider research community. Our social media presence has also gained followers in this past year and we have built our external outreach links effectively. Moreover, the physical office space in Lahore has also expanded to allow teams to work more effectively, and its policies on HR and financial issues have been formalized in a CERP Policy Manual.

Looking Ahead

With the launch of BCURE, the maturation of a number of CERP's long-standing research projects and the anticipated addition of a fresh set of projects, CERP is set for an exciting year ahead in 2015-16. The team is looking forward to it.

Jahn RS Andreh.

Tahir Andrabi

Centre for Economic Research in Pakistan Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2015

CENTRE FOR ECONOMIC RESEARCH IN PAKISTAN

(A company setup under Section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984) BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
FUNDS AND LIABILITIES			
Accumulated funds			
Restricted funds	4	137,314,759	34,643,533
Deferred grant - income based	7.1	4,557,509	3,030,862
Deferred grant - project asset based	7.1	141,872,268	37,674,395
		8,867,301	6,623,566
General fund	L	150,739,569	44,297,961
Current liabilities			
a - l'an and athen populates	5	14,908,772	7,596,882
Creditors and other payables Provision for taxation		35,010	-
Provision for taxation		14,943,782	7,596,882
Contingencies and commitments	6	-	-
Contingencies and commitments		165,683,351	51,894,843
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
D	7	6,826,526	4,177,197
Property and equipment Long term deposits		912,000	878,000
Long term deposits		7,738,526	5,055,197
Current assets			
carrow more		[]	17 0 18 000
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	8	10,971,527	17,248,229
Tax refundable due from Government		390,974	240,226
Cash and bank balances	9	146,582,324	29,351,191
Cush and can change		157,944,825	46,839,646
		165,683,351	51,894,843
The annexed notes 1 to 15 form an integral part of these finar Jahn RJAndreh Chief Executive Officer	ncial statements. $D \int O$	Dir	ecton

Jahn KJ Andreh Chief Executive Officer

CENTRE FOR ECONOMIC RESEARCH IN PAKISTAN (A company setup under Section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984) INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			2015		2014
		Restricted	Un-restricted	Aggregate	Aggregate
	Note		Rupee	the second se	
NCOME	woie	-			
	4	165,497,033	-	165,497,033	131,409,376
Jrants Jeneral fund	4	-	3,077,106	3,077,106	2,009,803
	11	-	5,358,300	5,358,300	2,557,723
Other income	1.1	-	741,124	741,124	711,720
Exchange gain Amortization of capital grant	7.1	2,201,755	141	2,201,755	278,745
Amonization of capital grain	7.1	167,698,788	9,176,530	176,875,318	136,967,367
EXPENDITURE					
alaries and benefits		42,873,407	1,749,500	44,622,907	33,062,283
Baseline surveys		69,513,264	-	69,513,264	60,368,777
Consultancy charges		21,274,023	1,535,000	22,809,023	11,442,812
Fravelling and conveyance		11,932,714	71,573	12,004,287	9,816,824
Fraining charges		4,563,945		4,563,945	11,084,602
Call center		2,688,743	-	2,688,743	581,469
Depreciation		2,201,755	222,867	2,424,622	425,449
Rent		1,618,550	-	1,618,550	1,424,500
Application development		1,245,308	(H)	1,245,308	1,091,280
Education support services		1,005,226	-	1,005,226	649,120
Office expenses		976,681	937,328	1,914,009	374,789
		929,312	209,392	1,138,704	648,550
Computer and internet expenses		801,830	-	801,830	-
Stipend charges		606,430	84,792	691,222	1,005,644
Printing and stationery		566,048	372,191	938,239	815,139
Meal and entertainment		484,662	-	484,662	270,250
Website and software maintenance		429,399	15,436	444,835	414,200
Communication charges		365,000	225,000	590,000	205,000
Auditors' remuneration		161,672	213,500	375,172	100.18
Insurance		145,450		145,450	929,31
Lab games		50,000		50,000	155
IRD / IRB expense		44,780	-	44,780	3,74
Loss on disposal of assets		37,883	39,073	76,956	47,29
Bank charges		13,550	55,075	13,550	391,50
Advertisement		15,550			677,10
Hall charges			254,851	254,851	109,12
Repair and maintenance		-	431,267	431,267	388,75
Utilities					608,02
School grant			395,935	395,935	-
Secretarial compliance		3,077,106	-	3,077,106	-
CERP overheads		92,050	118,471	210,521	710,01
Miscellaneous expenses		167,698,788	6,876,176	174,574,964	137,645,75
-		107,030,700	2,300,354	2,300,354	(678,39
Surplus / (deficit) before tax	12		56,619	56,619	-
Taxation	12		2,243,735	2,243,735	(678,39

The annex notes 1 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Chief Executive Officer

CENTRE FOR ECONOMIC RESEARCH IN PAKISTAN (A company setup under Section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984) STATEMENT OF ACCUMULATED FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Restr	icted	Un-restricted	
	Deferred grant - income based	Deferred grant - project asset	General fund	Total
		Rupe	?es	
Balance at 30 June 2013	51,237,717	1,623,500	8,401,956	61,263,173
Grants received during the year	117,411,101	-	-	117,411,101
Funds utilized during the year	(131,409,376)	(H)	-	(131,409,376)
Capital expenditure	(1,697,355)	1,697,355		-
Amortization for the year	-	(278,744)		(278,744)
Other adjustments	1,111,249	(11,249)	(1,100,000)	-
Transfer to general funds	(2,009,803)	-		(2,009,803)
Transfer to general rands	(16,594,184)	1,407,362	(1,100,000)	(16,286,822)
Deficit for the year			(678,390)	(678,390)
Balance at June 30, 2014	34,643,533	3,030,862	6,623,566	44,297,961
Grants received during the year	271,903,451	-	-][271,903,451
Funds utilized during the year	(165,497,033)	-		(165,497,033)
Capital expenditure	(3,846,332)	3,846,332		-
Amortization for the year		(2,201,755)	-	(2,201,755)
Other adjustments	111,140	(117,930)	-	(6,790)
Onio adjustinenta	102,671,226	1,526,647		104,197,873
Surplus for the year	-	-	2,243,735	2,243,735
Balance at June 30, 2015	137,314,759	4,557,509	8,867,301	150,739,569

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The annexed notes 1 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Chief Executive Officer

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CENTRE FOR ECONOMIC RESEARCH IN PAKISTAN (A company setup under Section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984) CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts		117 411 101
Grants received	277,155,068	117,411,101
Bank profit	1,856,475	1,119,723
Other receipts	3,265,455	1,438,000
Total receipts	282,276,998	119,968,824
Payments	21	5.60
Payment to employees and suppliers	(161,714,281)	(148,235,989)
Taxes paid	(287,665)	(172,358)
Total payments	(162,001,946)	(148,408,347)
Net cash from / (used in) operating activities	120,275,052	(28,439,523)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to property and equipment	(3,138,569)	(2,104,769)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	128,650	7,500
Long term deposits	(34,000)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,043,919)	(2,097,269)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B)	117,231,133	(30,536,792)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	29,351,191	59,887,983
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	146,582,324	29,351,191

The annexed notes 1 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements. D^{1}

Chief Executive Officer

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CENTRE FOR ECONOMIC RESEARCH IN PAKISTAN (A company setup under Section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

Center for Economic Research in Pakistan ("the Company") is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in Pakistan on January 14, 2010 as an association not for profit under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Company is established to encourage socio-economic research in Pakistan by facilitating the conduct of both theoretical and empirical research in the country and bringing together findings, policy advice and focused debate. The Company's registered office is situated at 19-A FCC, Gulberg IV, Lahore, Pakistan.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

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These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards for small sized entities issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee which is also the Company's functional currency.

2.4 Judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- a) Useful life and residual values of property and equipment;
- b) Taxation; and
- c) Provisions

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements have been consistently applied to all the years presented and are given as follows:

3.1 Funds

3.1.1 Restricted fund

Funds obtained from donors are credited under project funds. Utilization of this fund is according to the plan agreed with donors of the projects.

3.1.2 General fund

This is an unrestricted fund. Utilization of this fund is not restricted to any specific purpose.

3.2 Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation charge is based on straight line method whereby the cost of an asset is written off to income and expenditure account at the rates prescribed in note 7 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is acquired or capitalized while no depreciation is charged for the month in which items are disposed off.

Where the carrying amount of asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income and expenditure account as and when incurred. Renewals and improvements are capitalized when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

Gains and losses on the disposal of assets are included in income and expenditure account.

3.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost for the purposes of cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, cash in transit and bank balances.

3.4 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services.

3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognized, when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made.

3.6 Revenue recognition

3.6.1 Grants related to projects

Grants related to income are recognized on a systematic basis as income over the periods necessary to match them with related expenses incurred in accordance with terms of the respective grant agreement. Further, the grants related to losses already incurred for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Company with no future related costs are recognized as income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

3.6.2 Grants related to assets

Grants related to long term assets, including non-monetary grants at fair value, are presented by setting up "deferred grant related to assets". Subsequently, these deferred grants are amortized in income and expenditure account over the useful lives of related assets.

3.6.3 Bank profit

Profit on bank deposits is recognized on accrual basis.

3.6.4 Services

Services are recognized as revenue when rendered at fair value of consideration to be received.

3.7 Taxation

The income of the Company from donations, grants and contributions is exempted from income tax under Section 100C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

3.8 Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are converted into Pak Rupee using the rates prevailing on the date of transaction while monetary assets and liabilities are converted into Pak Rupee using the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences are included in income and expenditure account.

4 DEFERRED GRANT - INCOME BASED

Donor	Project	At July 01, 2014	Grant accrued during the year	Income for the year (note 11)	Capitalization	Other adjustments	At June 30, 2015
				Rupe	es		
Department for International Development/IDEAS/GROW	The Punjab Economic Opportunities Program	4,611,352	104,979,888	(76,527,937)	(151,400)	(6,790)	32,905,113
lameel Poverty Lab South Asia	Center For Learning On Evaluation And Results	4,908,455	21,410,675	(10,403,423)	(66,200)	-	15,849,507
Harvard University/EPoD/MiT	Trust In State Authority	1,354,286	37,600,161	(5,343,951)	(390,750)		33,219,746
Pomona/World Bank	Education Finance Project	10,177,832	19,635,757	(25,545,245)	(633,120)	117,930	3,753,154
Harvard University	Building Capacity To Use Research Evidence	5,329,144	22,815,818	(11,507,263)	(116,762)	-	16,520,937
Harvard University/LSE	Preferences Project	2,508,401	5,417,565	(6,114,154)	(2,115,000)	-	(303,188)
Innovations for Poverty Action/MiT	Property Tax Experiment In Punjab,	2,078,280	6,941,715	(5,197,780)		-	3,822,215
London School of Economics	Pakistan Livestock Project	189,337	2,724,396	(2,373,070)	(62,500)		478,163
USB Optimus Foundation	Micro Literacy Project	2,419,906		(2,224,315)	-	-	195,591
Innovation for Poverty Action	Mobile Money Project	(109,046)	1,643,637	(934,986)	-	-	599,605
World Bank Group/IGC/LSE	Public Procurement Project	1,175,586	21,440,475	(16,779,429)	(113,800)	-	5,722,832
Duke University	Women Mobility Project		10,647,842	(2,520,480)	(196,800)	-	7,930,562
Columbia University	Barriers To Industrial Upgrading	-	16,645,522	-			16,645,522
Pomona College	Women Enrollment Project		-	(25,000)	- 1		(25,000)
		34,643,533	271,903,451	(165,497,033)	(3,846,332)	111,140	137,314,759

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5	CREDITORS AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
	Accrued expenses		13,044,935	6,484,825
	Income tax deducted at source		932,464	787,260
	Other payables		931,373	324,797
			14,908,772	7,596,882

6 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no known contingencies and commitments as at June 30, 2015 (2014: Nil).

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Project assets Owned assets	7.1	4,557,509	3,030,862
O wilcu assets	1.2	2,269,017	1,146,335
		6,826,526	4,177,197

7.1 PROJECT ASSETS

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		C	ost			Accumulated	domnasiation			6
	At July 01, 2014	Additions	Disposals	At June 30, 2015	At July 01, 2014	For the year	On disposals	At June 30, 2015	Book value At June 30, 2015	Rate
					Rupees					%
Computers and printers	968,989	1,731,332	(135,300)	2,565,021	470,869	273,969	(17,370)	727,468	1,837,553	30
Furniture and fixture	56,555	-	-	56,555	3,362	5,656	-	9,018	47,537	10
Office equipment	2,646,304	2,115,000	-	4,761,304	166,755	1,922,130	-	2,088,885	2,672,419	10-50
	3,671,848	3,846,332	(135,300)	7,382,880	640,986	2,201,755	(17,370)	2,825,371	4,557,509	10 00
		Ca	ost			Accumulated	depreciation		Book value	
	At July 01, 2013	Additions	Disposals	At June 30, 2014	At July 01, 2013	For the year	On disposals	At June 30, 2014	At June 30, 2014	Rate
					Rupees				President and the second second	%
Computers and printers	840,689	140,800	(12,500)	968,989	336,368	135,752	(1,251)	470,869	498,120	30
Furniture and fixture	-	56,555		56,555	-	3,362		3,362	53,193	10
Office equipment	1,146,304	1,500,000	-	2,646,304	27,125	139,630		166,755	2,479,549	10
	1,986,993	1,697,355	(12,500)	3,671,848	363,493	278,744	(1,251)	640,986	3,030,862	

7.2 OWNED ASSETS

		Cost				Accumulated	depreciation		Book value	
	At July 01, 2014	Additions	Disposals	At June 30, 2015	At July 01, 2014	For the year	On disposals	At June 30, 2015	At June 30, 2015	Rate
	2014				Rupees					%
Computers and printers	74,130	279,918	(62,500)	291,548	46,446	68,091	(7,813)	196,724	184,824	30%
Office equipment	284,203	415,320	-	699,523	49,790	35,021	-	34,811	614,712	10%
Furniture and fixture	1,105,814	704,999	<u>1</u>	1,810,813	221,576	119,756	-	341,332	1,469,481	10%
Furniture and fixture	1,464,147	1,400,237	(62,500)	2,801,884	317,812	222,868	(7,813)	532,867	2,269,017	

		Cost	1			Accumulated	depreciation		Book value	
	At July 01, 2013	Additions	Disposals	At June 30, 2014	At July 01, 2013	For the year	On disposals	At June 30, 2014	At June 30, 2014	Rate
	2015				Rupees					%
-	60,830	13,300	-	74,130	26,534	19,912	-	46,446	27,684	30%
Computers and printers	194,715	89,488	-	284,203	27,754	22,036	-	49,790	234,413	10%
Office equipment Furniture and fixture	801,188	304,626	-	1,105,814	116,820	104,756	-	221,576	884,238	10%
I unitare and induce	1,056,733	407,414	-	1,464,147	171,108	146,704	-	317,812	1,146,335	

D

		2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
3	Loss on disposal of project assets		
	Sales proceeds	73,150	7,500
	Net book value	r	
	Cost	135,300	12,500
	Accumulated depreciation	(17,370)	(1,251)
		117,930	11,249
	Loss on disposal	(44,780)	(3,749)
4	Gain on disposal of owned assets		
	Sales proceeds	55,500	-
	Net book value		
	Cost	62,500	-
	Accumulated depreciation	(7,813)	
		54,687	-
	Gain on disposal	813	-
	ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Advance to employees against expenses	719,486	439,760
	Advance to suppliers	7,000	2,115,000
	Advance tax	287,665	172,357
	Prepaid expenses	1,087,193	392,522
	Grant receivable	8,870,183	14,128,590
		10,971,527	17,248,229
)	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash in hand	15,249	34,494
	Cash at bank	and the second second second second	
	- Current account	122,986,146	21,683,976
	- Saving accounts	23,580,929	7,632,72
	our mg weeene	146,567,075	29,316,697
		146,582,324	29,351,19
		a .	
		5-1-1	

10 SEGMENT WISE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

J

									77	115										10000
		2015											2014							
	Note	The Punjab Economic Opportunities Program	Center for Learning on Evaluation and Results	Trust in State Authority	Education Financing Project	Building Capacity to use Research Evidence	Preferences project	Property Tax Experiment in Punjab, Pakistan	Livestock Project	Micro Literacy Project	Mobile Money Project	Women Mobility Project	Pablic Procurement Project	Women Enrollment Project	Total	General funds	-		-	
										Rupees				- rojer	Total	General fittes	Aggregate	Donated lunds	Rupees	Appregate
ome																				
nis	4.1	76,527,937	10,403,423	5,343,951	25,545,245	11,507,263	6,114,134	5,197,780	2,373,070	2,224,315	934,986	2,520,480	16,779,429	25,000	165,497,033	n	165,497,033			1
neral fuisd									- Another	-	-			12.8000	103,477,033	1,077,105	3,977,106	131,409,376	aller aller	131,409,
er income			-			1										5,358,309	5,358,300	-	2,009,803	2,009
haqge gan .				-		·				1						741,124	741,124	99.671	2,458,052	2.557
ortization of capital grant		9,462	41,838	56,644	79,359	6,563	1,807,500		17.188	122,311	24,716	6.768	29,406		2,201,755		2,201,755	278,745	711/120	711.
		76,537,399	10,445,261	5,400,595	25,624,604	11,513.826	7,921,654	5.197,780	2,390,258	2,346,626	959,702	2,527,248	16,808,835	25,000	167,698,788	1,176,530	176,875,318	131.787.792	5,179.575	278.
penditure																				
icies and benefits	3	8.324.704	4,428,333	3,377,298	5,258,544	6,174.032	887,009	4.061,583	1,986,500	24,000	718,381	1,700,335	6.022.507				1			
dime surveys		48,621,000		859.931	15,020,740	10000	2,976,375	And A Part of A	1 - Mary and	1,950,000	/18.581	60,218	6,032,597	25.000	42,873,407	1,749,500	44,622,997	31,551,116	1,511,167	33,062
lication development					-		363,548			1/220,000		00,218	881,760	1000000	69,513,264 1,245,308	1	69,513,264	60,368777	× 1	60.368
elling and conveyance		667,151	1.772.855	865.538	2.848.368	1,447,286	1.668.451	626.375	126,858	118,750	95,885	87,079	1.608.088				1,2-45,308	1,091280	anteres .	1,091
ining charges		52,000	2,707.612		1,018,957	178.933	18,485	2.500		4494710	-	argers.	585.458		11,932,714	71,573	12,004,287	9,568601	248,223	9,816.
l charges		1											302,430	51 2.	4,563,945	-	4,563,945	11.077.122	7,480	11,064
sultancy charges		17,830,514	~							81,535		599.064	2,762,910		21,274,023			677,109	2	677.
iputer and interact expenses		196,761	127,432	36,345	102.831	94,839	-	82,509	24,888		8,280	59.040	196,426		929,312	1,535,000	22,809,023	9,936,937	1,505,875	11.442
d and entertainment		22.798			99,581	15,202	136,458	-			3.235	-	288.754		566,048	209,392	1,138,704 938,239	585,251	65.375	645.
tP overheids		-	(42)			1,771,388	-	294.150	225,375	1 2	99,848		686,345		3,077,106	514(13)	3,077,106	505268	311,871	815,
ting and stationery		23,591	44,612	920	33,507	\$6,760	36,815	63,829	420		700	420	344,856		606,430	84,792	691,222		- and -	1000
l center				-						1			2,688,743		2,688,743	64,792	2,688,743	964.079 581.469	41,565	1,005.)
cotion support services		- a (145	1 4	1.605.226	2					-		2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		1,005,226		1,005,226	641120	3	581
			914,760			703.796			10		- 1				1.618.550		1,618,550	1.218/052	206.468	6:10
our and maintenance	÷.	1.4	1.000	1.1	2			24	- 1							254,851	254,851	24250	206-468 K4.877	1,424, 109,
municitios cheiges		49,910	7,295	6,775	69,467	32.314	22,896	36,132	500		3.016	11,728	189,366		429,399	15,436	444,835	296.521	117.679	414.
litors' remmention			365,000	-						- 1	1			-	365,000	225,000	590,000	47.0.1	265.000	205.0
atics			140	-	Ť.				-	- 1	-				-	431,267	431,267		388,750	203,0 58F.1
reciation		9,462	41,838	56,644	79,359	6,563	1.807.500	6	17,188	122.311	24,746	6,768	29,406		2,201,755	222,867	2,424,622	278,745	146.704	425.
bute and software manuference			16,000			2.1	9		-		- 1		468.662	- 1	484,662		484,662	230,350	39 900	270
ool graat		-	1			8	8		1.08				-	-	2			608.925	-	608.6
VTR B espense					- 1	S 1	4	-		50,000	- 1				50,000		50.000	110,02.1		
end charges -		801,830	-	-											801,830	- 1	801,830			
games			^а (а),	145;450	× 1			-	1.00						145,450		145,450	929310		929/3
rance		33,088	6,034	30.024	17,112	14,502	1,372	27,216	8.529		2.518	2,626	18,551		161,672	213,506	375,172	71.289	28 8 92	
ertinenent espense		100		13,550								2.1		-	13,550		13,550	3/21.500	20.072	109/1
ere expenses			1	~	2	976,681				-	-		+	-	976,681	690,381	1,667,062	28,980	346.299	374.7
etarial compliance		100	30		(N)	5						~	-			395,935	395,935	-0.000	- Strates	2.54.7
k charges.		4,599	2.510	8,126)	9,051	4,571		3,495			3,003	-	2,543		37,883	39,073	76,956	32,899	14,395	47.2
utity expenses				10			-	-				-	-	-		246,947	216,917	and the second sec		46.4
on daposal of assets		1 (C)			44,780	$X \rightarrow 0$	-	- 1						1	44,780	-	44,780	3.749		3.7
Cellaneous expenses			10,980	-	16,981	36,965	2,754			-	-	-	24,370	-	92,050	118,471	210.521	122,413	387,665	710.0
		26.537.399	10,445,261	5.400,595	25,624,604	11,513,826	7,921,654	5,197,780	2,390.258	2.346.626	959.702	2,521,248	16,808,835	25,0(8)	167,698,788	6,876,176	174,574,964	131.787.792	5,857,965	437.645.7
plus / (deficit) before tax									-						and the reserves	2,360,354	2,390,354	THE STREET	(678,390)	(678:3)

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			Note	2015 Rupees
		ATTER D'COME	INOIE	Rupees
	11	OTHER INCOME		
		Profit on saving accounts		1,856,47
		Course fee	11.1	2,524,33
		Office space		976,68
1		Gain on disposal of asset		81
		Training income	-	T 3 50 34
			=	5,358,31
		7 1.1		ted by the Con
	11.1	This represents registration fee for 'Project Management Tools' co	urses conduc	led by the con
1				
3	12	TAXATION		
		Current		35,0
		Prior	-	21,6
1				56,6
		The Company has applied for the status of 'non-profit organization	n' under secti	on 2(36) of the
	12	pending at the balance sheet date. Further, the income of the Con 100C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. RECLASSIFICATION		
	13	RECLASSIFICATION		
		Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified to and transactions for the purpose of comparison.	reflect more	appropriate p
	14.	DATE OF AUTHORISATION		
		These financial statements were authorised for issue on		by th
		of the Company.		
-				
	15	GENERAL		
-				
		Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.		
		DJU		
		0		
1		Jahr RI Andreh Chief Executive Officer		
-				
1				